

Policy on Customer Protection – Limiting Liability of Customers in Unauthorised Electronic Banking <u>Transactions</u>

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1. Introduction

Considering the recent surge in customer grievances relating to unauthorized electronic transactions causing debits to customer accounts/ cards, various aspects of customer protection and criteria for determining the customer liability have been reviewed. The risks arising out of unauthorized debits to customer accounts owing to contributory fraud, Bank negligence, customer negligence and third party breaches have been taken into account and the rights and obligations of customers in case of unauthorized electronic transactions in various scenarios have been defined. This Policy covers aspects of customer protection, including the mechanism of creating customer awareness on the risks and responsibilities, and customer liability arising in specific scenarios of unauthorized electronic transactions.

This Policy is built on the regulatory requirements as enunciated by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) vide their circular bearing reference: DBR.No.Leg.BC.78/09.07.005/2017-18 dated 6th July 2017.

2. Types of electronic Banking transactions:

Electronic Banking transactions can be broadly divided into two categories:

- (i) Remote/ online payment transactions (transactions that do not require physical payment instruments to be presented at the point of transactions e.g. internet Banking, mobile Banking, card not present (CNP) transactions), Pre- paid Payment Instruments (PPI), and
- (ii) Face-to-face/ proximity payment transactions (transactions which require the physical payment instrument such as a card or mobile phone to be present at the point of transaction e.g. ATM, POS, etc.)

3. Reporting of unauthorised transactions by customers to Bank

The Bank will ensure that customers are mandatorily registered for SMS alerts and wherever available for email alerts, for electronic Banking transactions. Bank will mandatorily send SMS alerts to the customers, while the email alerts may be sent wherever registered. Further, the Bank will not be able to offer facility of electronic transactions, other than ATM cash withdrawals, to customers who do not provide mobile numbers to the Bank. These facilities will be withdrawn for customers after due notice is provided to them.

The Bank requires customers to notify the Bank about any unauthorized electronic Banking transaction at the earliest after the occurrence of such transaction as longer the time taken to notify the Bank, the higher will be the risk of loss to the Bank/customer. To enable this to be done in a smooth and efficient manner, the Bank will provide customers with 24x7 access through multiple channels (via website, SMS, e-mail, a dedicated toll-free helpline, reporting to home branch, etc.) for reporting unauthorised transactions that have taken place and/ or loss or theft of payment instrument such as card, etc.

Further, the Bank will provide a direct link for lodging the complaints, with specific option to report unauthorised electronic transactions in the home page of the Bank's website. Immediate response (including auto response) will be sent to the customers

acknowledging the complaint along with the registered complaint number. The communication systems used by the Bank to send alerts and receive their responses thereto will record the time and date of delivery of the message and receipt of customer's response, if any, to the Bank.

On receipt of report of an unauthorised transaction from the customer, the Bank will take immediate steps to prevent further unauthorised transactions in the account. On being notified by the customer, the Bank will undertake a preliminary investigation to establish the reason for the dispute. Where the transaction does not involve a third party, the Bank will endeavor to complete the investigation within 10 working days of notification.

4. Liability of a Customer

a) Zero Liability of a Customer

A customer's entitlement to zero liability shall arise where the unauthorised transaction occurs in the following events:

- (i) Contributory fraud/ negligence/ deficiency on the part of the Bank (irrespective of whether or not the transaction is reported by the customer).
- (ii) Third party breach where the deficiency lies neither with the Bank nor with the customer but lies elsewhere in the system, and the customer notifies the Bank within **three working days** of receiving the communication from the Bank regarding the unauthorised transaction.

b) Limited Liability of a Customer

A customer shall be liable for the loss occurring due to unauthorised transactions in the following cases:

- (i) In cases where the loss is due to negligence by a customer, the customer will bear the entire loss until he reports the unauthorised transaction to the Bank. Transactions where a Password / PIN / OTP (One Time Password) has been used or where the transaction has been performed with information available only with the customer or can be done only with the knowledge of the customer will be treated as 'transaction performed due to customer negligence'. Any loss occurring after the reporting of the unauthorised transaction will be borne by the Bank.
- (ii) In cases where the responsibility for the unauthorised electronic Banking transaction lies neither with the Bank nor with the customer, but lies elsewhere in the system and when there is a delay (of **four to seven working days** after receiving the communication from the Bank) on the part of the customer in notifying the Bank of such a transaction, the per transaction liability of the customer shall be limited to the transaction value or the amount mentioned in Table 1, whichever is lower.

Table 1

Maximum Liability of a Customer under paragraph 2.b.(ii)

Type of Account	Maximum liability (Rs.)
BSBD Accounts	5,000
 All other SB accounts Pre-paid Payment Instruments and Gift Cards Current/ Cash Credit/ Overdraft Accounts of MSMEs Current Accounts/ Cash Credit/ Overdraft Accounts of Individuals with annual average balance (during 365 days preceding the incidence of fraud)/ limit up to Rs.25 lakh Credit cards with limit up to Rs.5 lakh 	10,000
 All other Current/CashCredit Overdraft Accounts Credit cards with limit above Rs.5 lakh 	25,000

(iii) Further, if the delay in reporting by the customer is beyond seven working days, the customer shall be liable for the entire value of the transaction(s) involved.

The number of working days will be counted as per the working schedule of the home branch of the customer excluding the date of receiving the communication.

The summary of the customer's liability is provided in Table 2 for ease of reference.

Table 2
Summary of Customer's liability

Time taken to report the fraudulent transaction from the date of receiving the communication	Customer's liability (Rs.)
Within 3 working days	Zero liability
Within 4 to 7 working days	The transaction value or the amount mentioned in Table 1 of the Policy whichever is lower
Beyond 7 working days	The customer liability to the extent of the value of the transaction(s).

5. Communication of the Policy:

The Bank will provide the details of Policy with regard to customers' liability at the time of opening the accounts. The Bank will display the approved Policy in Bank's website along with the details

of grievance handling/ escalation procedure. The existing customers would also be informed about the Bank's Policy through publication on the website and where possible, through SMS and email alerts.

6. Reversal Timeline for Zero Liability/ Limited Liability of customer

On being notified by the customer, the Bank will credit the amount involved in the unauthorized electronic transaction to the customer's account within 10 working days from the date of such notification by the customer. The credit will be value dated to be as of the date of the unauthorized transaction. The credit will be provided as shadow credit, which means that the customer will not be able to use the funds credited by way of temporary/shadow credit till the dispute is resolved in favour of the customer.

Further, the Bank will ensure that:

- i. a complaint is resolved and liability of the customer, if any, established within a period not exceeding 90 days from the date of receipt of the complaint, and the customer is compensated as per provisions mentioned above.
- ii. where Bank is unable to resolve the complaint, or determine the customer liability, if any, within 90 days, the compensation as mentioned above will be paid to the customer; and
- iii. in case of debit card/ Bank account, the customer does not suffer loss of interest and in case of credit card, the customer does not bear any additional burden of interest.

For all disputed cases, customer shall provide all the supporting documents required by the Bank, within the stipulated timeframe. The burden of proving customer liability in case of unauthorised electronic banking transactions shall lie on the bank.

7. Reporting and Monitoring Mechanism

Customer liability cases shall be periodically reviewed in the Customer Service Committee of the Board on a quarterly basis. The reporting shall, *inter alia*, include volume/ number of cases and the aggregate value involved and distribution across various categories of cases viz., card present transactions, card not present transactions, internet Banking, mobile Banking, ATM transactions, etc.

The Standing Committee on Customer Service shall periodically review the unauthorized electronic Banking transactions reported by customers or otherwise, as also the action taken thereon, the functioning of the grievance redress mechanism and take appropriate measures to improve the systems and procedures. All such transactions shall be reviewed by the Bank's internal auditors/statutory auditor also.

8. Linkage to other Customer Service Policies of the Bank:

This Policy shall be read in conjunction with the Customer Compensation Policy and Customer Grievance Redressal Policy